

Office of National Drug Control Policy

Drug Policy Information Clearinghouse

State of Illinois

Profile of Drug Indicators

February 2003



ONDCP Drug Policy Information Clearinghouse staff compiled this profile by using the most recent data available from open sources. The data presented are as accurate as the sources from which they were drawn. The information contained in this profile should not be used to rank or compare States or jurisdictions, due to differences in data collection and reporting methods.

Illinois

The following profile contains information on demographics, political figures, programs, crime, drug use, drug trafficking, and enforcement statistics.

Demographics¹

- Population: 12,600,620 (July 2002 estimate); 12,419,293 (2000 Census)
- Race/Ethnicity (2000 Census): 67.8% white; 14.9% black/African American; 0.1% American Indian/Alaska Native; 3.4% Asian; 0.0% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander; 0.1% some other race; 1.2% two or more races; 12.3% Hispanic Origin (of any race)

Politics

- Governor: Rod R. Blagojevich²
- Lt. Governor: Pat Quinn³
- Attorney General: Lisa Madigan⁴
- Secretary of State: Jesse White⁵
- U.S. Senate Members: Richard Durbin (D), Peter Fitzgerald (R)⁶
- U.S. House of Representatives Members (Districts 1-19, respectively): Bobby Rush (D), Jesse Jackson, Jr. (D), William Lipinski (D), Luis Guitierrez (D), Rahm Emanuel (D), Henry Hyde (R), Danny Davis (D), Philip Crane (R), Janice Schakowsky (D), Mark Steven Kirk (R), Jerry Weller (R), Jerry Costello (D), Judy Biggert (R), J. Dennis Hastert (R), Timothy Johnson (R), Donald Manzullo (R), Lane Evans (D), Ray LaHood (R), John Shimkus (R)⁷

Programs/Initiatives

- High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)⁸
Established in 1995, the Chicago HIDTA was created to assist local, state and federal law enforcement agencies in dismantling the Gangster Disciples street gang, thereby reducing the flow of illicit drugs and decreasing drug-related crime in the area. In 1997, the Chicago HIDTA became a full HIDTA and broadened its attack on illicit drug trafficking and related criminal activity. The Chicago HIDTA is responsible for Cook, Kendall, Grundy and Will counties.
- Be Real Campaign⁹
The Be Real Campaign works to prevent youth drug use by targeting more than one million 10- to 14-year-olds in the state. The campaign's goal is to support kids who stay drug-free by letting them know that, contrary to what many believe, most kids their age don't use drugs.

Federal Funding

- Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grantees in Illinois:¹⁰
 - FY 2002
 - \$100,000 awarded to Albany Park Community Center, Inc., Chicago;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Macon/Piatt Regional Office of Education, Decatur;
 - \$100,000 awarded to the Coalition for Healthy Communities, Waukegan.

- FY 2001
 - \$100,000 awarded to Breaking Free, Inc., Naperville;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Chesnut Health Systems, Inc., Bloomington;
 - \$80,000 awarded to Coordinated Youth and Human Services, Granite City;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Franklin-Williamson Human Services, Marion;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Jefferson-County Board, Mt Vernon;
 - \$49,705 awarded to Lockport Township High School District 205, Lockport;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Martin Luther King Jr. Community Services of Illinois, Freeport;
 - \$62,500 awarded to McHenry County Mental Health Board, Crystal Lake;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Project Success Coalition, Rockford.
- FY 2000
 - \$100,000 awarded to Project Success Coalition, Cairo;
 - \$99,960 awarded to Wells Community Initiative/Wells Family, Chicago;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Decatur Community Partnership, Decatur.
- FY 1999
 - \$100,000 awarded to the City of Aurora, Aurora;
 - \$100,000 awarded to Northwest Austin Council, Chicago;
 - \$50,208 awarded to Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Foundation, Mattoon;
 - \$100,000 awarded to St. Clair County Health Department, Belleville;
 - \$100,000 awarded to YWCA of the Quad Cities, Rock Island.
- FY 1998
 - \$99,765 awarded to the City of Chicago Department of Health, Chicago.
- FY 2001/02 SAMHSA Formula and Discretionary Grant Allotments Summary for Illinois:¹¹
 - Formula Funding: \$87,168,404
 - Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant: \$67,579,749
 - Community Mental Health Services Block Grant: \$16,746,583
 - Projects for Assistance in the Transition from Homelessness (PATH): \$1,814,000
 - Protection and Advocacy Formula Grant: \$1,028,072
 - Discretionary Funding: \$20,692,366
 - Mental Health: \$5,288,201
 - Substance Prevention: \$2,852,730
 - Substance Abuse Treatment: \$12,551,435
 - Total Mental Health Funding: \$24,876,856
 - Total Substance Abuse Funding: \$82,983,914
 - Total Funding for Illinois: \$107,860,770
- Executive Office for Weed and Seed¹²

Nine sites have received Federal funding and been officially recognized as Weed and Seed sites in Illinois: Alton, Chicago, Peoria, East St. Louis, Freeport, Northwest Austin, Maywood/Bellwood, Springfield, and the Village of Washington Park.
- FY 2002 Byrne Formula Grant Program amount awarded to Illinois: \$19,460,474¹³
- FY 2002 Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners Formula Grant amount allocated to Illinois: \$2,078,280.¹⁴

- Housing and Urban Development Drug Elimination Grant awarded in Illinois during FY 2001:¹⁵
 - \$125,000 was awarded to the Fox View Apartments II in Carpentersville;
 - \$125,000 was awarded to the Fox View Apartments I in Carpentersville;
 - \$200,000 was awarded to LaVergne Court Limited Partnership in Chicago;
 - \$125,000 was awarded to the Community Housing Partners II, L.P. in Chicago;
 - \$125,000 was awarded to the University Village Apartments, Phase I in Dekalb;
 - \$125,000 was awarded to the University Village Apartments, Phase II in Dekalb;
 - 125,000 was awarded to the University Village Apartments, Phase III in Dekalb.
- There were no Illinois recipients of the FY 2002 Office of Justice Programs Drug Court Grant.¹⁶
- Illinois received \$290,000 for methamphetamine funding the FY 2002 from the Department of Justice, Office of Community Oriented Policing Services.¹⁷

Crime and Drug-Related Crime

- There were 54,679 drug abuse violations during 1999 in Illinois.¹⁸ This number increased in 2000 to 58,697.¹⁹ During 2001 in Illinois, this number decreased to 57,473 arrests for drug abuse violations.²⁰

Number of Arrests, Illinois, 1999 - 2001

Offense	1999	2000	2001
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	637	531	558
Forcible rape	700	627	703
Robbery	3,173	2,995	3,168
Aggravated assault	6,835	6,164	6,175
Burglary	4,174	4,119	3,570
Larceny-theft	17,921	25,309	23,939
Motor vehicle theft	12,233	11,301	10,687
Arson	208	221	222
Drug abuse violations	54,679	58,697	57,473
Driving Under the Influence	---	---	6,820
Liquor Laws	281	804	987

- During 2001, the 1,437 Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) reported marking 968 arrests for drug violations in Illinois.²¹

Number of DEA Drug Arrests, Illinois, 1997-2001

Year	Arrests
1997	798
1998	1,036
1999	977
2000	1,437
2001	968

- Most law enforcement agencies in Illinois associate the violent crime with gang-related drug trafficking and consider it to be the most serious criminal threat to the state.²²

Drugs

- During 2000 in Illinois, 1.81% of persons ages 12 and older reported past year alcohol or illicit drug dependence or abuse²³

Drug Use in the Past Month and Past Year, by Age Group, Illinois, 2000

Drug Use in the Past Month and Past Year, by Age Group, Illinois, 2000				
Drug Characteristic	Total	Age 12-17	Group 18-25	26 +
Based on 1999 and 2000 Pooled Data:				
Past month any illicit drug use	6.27%	10.52%	16.41%	3.94%
Past month marijuana use	4.77	8.13	14.25	2.67
Past month use of any illicit drug other than marijuana	2.57	4.00	4.81	1.98
Past year cocaine use	1.51	1.28	4.13	1.08
Perception of great risk of smoking marijuana once a month	43.04	38.32	29.48	46.03
Average annual rate of first use of marijuana	1.56	6.17	5.61	0.12
Based on 2000 Data Only:				
Past year illicit drug dependence	1.17	2.27	3.39	0.64
Past year illicit drug dependence or abuse	1.81	3.77	5.30	0.93
Past year alcohol or illicit drug dependence or abuse	6.80	6.99	16.52	5.08

- Cocaine²⁴
The primary drug threat in the state of Illinois is powder and crack cocaine. Powdered cocaine sold for \$18,000 to \$28,000 per kilogram, \$800 to \$1,200 per ounce, and \$75 to \$100 per gram in the first quarter of FY 2002. Crack cocaine prices ranged from \$500 to \$1,400 per ounce and \$10 to \$25 per rock during that same time period.
- Heroin
The second greatest drug threat to the state is heroin. The state has seen an increase in the number of young, white, suburban heroin users. This increase in abuse was the result of increased availability of lower cost, higher purity heroin.²⁵ Heroin from all source areas is available in Illinois, although South American and Southeast Asian heroin are most prevalent.²⁶
- Marijuana
Marijuana is the most readily available and most commonly abused drug in the state.²⁷ Commercial grade marijuana produced in Mexico is the most widely available in the state.²⁸
- Methamphetamine
Methamphetamine is growing in popularity because it is cheaper and produces a longer euphoric effect than crack cocaine.²⁹ Methamphetamine production is expanding in rural areas of Illinois, increasing the threat of the drug to the state.

According to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), methamphetamine sold for \$7,300 to \$10,000 per pound, \$1,000 to \$1,300 per ounce, and \$80 to \$100 per gram in urban areas.³⁰

➤ **Club Drugs**

MDMA, Ketamine, and GHB use has increased, particularly among users living in urban areas and college towns.³¹ MDMA is readily available and is considered to be the most commonly abused club drug in the state. MDMA tablets sell for \$5 to \$7 at wholesale levels. Prices for MDMA at the retail level range from \$20 to \$30. GHB, sold in liquid and powder forms, sells for \$5 to \$10 per dose at the retail level. Ketamine, also sold in liquid and powder form, sells for \$60 per dose. Other club drugs such as PCP and LSD sell for \$15.³²

➤ **Diverted Pharmaceuticals³³**

The diversion of legitimate pharmaceuticals is a significant problem in Illinois. The most common types of diverted pharmaceutical drugs are hydrocodone, alprazolam, and phentermine. There has been a notable increase in the number of reported incidents of diverted pseudoephedrine.

Juveniles

- There were 9,154 juvenile arrests for drug abuse violations in Illinois during 1999.³⁴ This number increased to 9,526 during 2000.³⁵ During 2001 in Illinois, there were 9,533 juvenile arrests for drug abuse violations.³⁶

Number of Juvenile Arrests, Illinois, 1999-2001

Offense	1999	2000	2001
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	89	67	57
Forcible rape	182	140	155
Robbery	1,204	1,091	1,121
Aggravated assault	1,934	1,822	1,807
Burglary	1,315	1,351	1,129
Larceny-theft	2,847	3,864	3,843
Motor vehicle theft	4,238	3,876	3,709
Arson	98	86	82
Drug abuse violations	9,154	9,526	9,533
Driving Under the Influence	--	--	63
Liquor Laws	111	340	337

- During 2001 in Illinois (excluding Chicago), 36.9% of high school students reported that they had tried marijuana at least once in their lifetimes.³⁷

Percent of High School Students Reporting Drug Use, Illinois (excluding Chicago), 2001

Drug Type	Female	Male	Total
Lifetime marijuana use	33.2	42.2	36.9
Current marijuana use	18.8	21.9	20.0
Lifetime cocaine use	5.6	5.5	5.5
Current cocaine use	2.2	2.9	2.5
Lifetime inhalant use	11.7	11.5	11.6
Current inhalant use	3.2	3.8	3.5
Lifetime heroin use	1.5	3.1	2.2
Lifetime methamphetamine use	5.6	5.7	5.6
Lifetime illegal steroid use	2.0	4.8	3.2
Lifetime injecting illegal drug use	0.5	2.4	1.3

Enforcement

- As of October 31, 2001, there were 50,371 full-time law enforcement employees in Illinois, 36,454 were officers and 13,917 were civilians.³⁸
- Chicago HIDTA Initiatives³⁹
 - Inner City Street Gang Sources of Supply- this task force identifies and targets mid and upper level drug traffickers, including those national and international cartels, which supply organized street gangs in the greater metropolitan area of the City of Chicago.
 - South Suburban Initiative- this task force identifies, targets, and dismantles local distribution networks controlling the supply and distribution of illicit drugs to street dealers in the south suburban areas of Cook County.
 - North Suburban Initiative- this task force immobilizes and dismantles drug trafficking organizations in the northern suburbs of Cook County with direct ties to source countries. The task force is also responsible for targeting street level and mid-level dealers in the northern suburbs of Cook County and for developing intelligence on the production and dissemination of the drugs
 - Other Chicago HIDTA initiatives include: Violent Crime Drug Task Force; Tri-County Initiative; Narcotics and Currency Interdiction; Suspicious Activity Report Review Team (formerly Financial Investigations Group); International Source of Supply Initiative; Package Interdiction Team; Rail Interdiction; Technical Support Group; and the Investigative Support Center.

Trafficking and Seizures

- Three different types of groups are responsible for most of the drugs distributed in Illinois: Mexican polydrug trafficking organizations, Colombian drug trafficking organizations (mostly traffic cocaine and heroin), and Nigerian groups (traffic Southeast heroin and whole distribution of drugs).⁴⁰
- African American and Caucasian street gangs and independent dealers are the primary retail distributors of powdered and crack cocaine.⁴¹
- MDMA is smuggled from the Netherlands to Chicago by Israelis and/or Russians where it is distributed to Polish, Eastern Europeans, Israelis and Russians for street-level distribution.⁴²

- During 2001, 30,185.4 kilograms of marijuana were seized in Illinois by Federal agencies.⁴³

Federal Drug Seizures, Illinois, 2001

Kilograms	
Cocaine	7,359.4
Heroin	633.6
Methamphetamine	87.0
Marijuana	30,185.4

- Methamphetamine laboratory seizures/encounters increased from 24 during 1997 to 666 during 2001 in Illinois.⁴⁴

Methamphetamine Laboratory Seizures/Encounters, Illinois, 1997-2001

1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
24	87	246	393	666

- There were a total of 32,965 cultivated marijuana plants eradicated in Illinois during 2001 under the DEA's Domestic Cannabis Eradication/Suppression Program.⁴⁵

Number of Marijuana Plants Seized, Illinois, 2001

<i>Outdoor Operations</i>	
Plots eradicated	422
Cultivated plants eradicated	30,961
<i>Indoor Operations</i>	
Grows seized	50
Plants eradicated	2,004
Total cultivated plants eradicated	32,965
Bulk processed marijuana	608
Ditchweed eradicated	3,098,808
Number of arrests	99
Number of weapons seized	44
Value of assets seized	\$41,702

Courts

- Drug Courts⁴⁶
As of January 2003, there were 23 drug courts in Illinois that were either already operating or were being planned at that time.
- Of the 1,468 Federal offenders sentenced in Illinois during FY 2001, 44.7% had committed a drug offense. The most common drug involved was crack cocaine (39.1%), followed by powder cocaine (26.5%), methamphetamine (14.6%), marijuana (9.4%), heroin (7.7%), and other drugs (2.6%).⁴⁷

Corrections⁴⁸

- On August 31, 2002, the Illinois Department of Corrections adult population totaled 42,989. 94% of this population was male. 26% of these adult offenders had committed a drug offense.
- The number of juveniles incarcerated at Illinois juvenile institutions on August 31, 2002 was 1,571. Eleven percent of the juvenile offenders committed drug offenses.
- There were 32,483 adults on parole and 1,764 juveniles on parole in Illinois on August 31, 2002.

Treatment

- During FY 2002 in Illinois, there were 22,838 substance abuse treatment admissions for cocaine.⁴⁹

Number of Treatment Admissions by Drug Type, Illinois, FY 2002

Selected Drugs	2002
Alcohol	34,662
Cocaine	22,838
Heroin	16,777
Marijuana/hashish	19,811
Methamphetamine	1,796
Amphetamines	262
Other opioids	1,135
Sedatives/hypnotics	197
Other stimulants	427
Hallucinogens	377
Inhalants	57
Other	204
Club Drugs	50
Other tranquilizers	23
Ephedrine/pseudoephedrine	12
None	3,771
Unknown	6,556
Total	108,955

- Treatment admissions increased from 93,491 in 2000 to 122,673 during 2001. Admissions later decreased to 108,955 during 2002.⁵⁰

Number of Treatment Admissions by Sex and Race, Illinois, FY 2000-2002

	2000	2001	2002
<i>Sex</i>			
Male	62,473	82,655	73,816
Female	31,018	40,018	35,139
<i>Race</i>			
White	38,934	53,260	47,842
Black	44,359	55,022	48,784
Hispanic	7,533	11,184	9,519
Other	2,665	3,207	2,806
Total	93,491	122,673	108,955

Sources

¹ U.S. Census Bureau Web site: <http://www.census.gov>

² Illinois Governor's Web site: <http://www.illinois.gov/gov/>

³ Illinois Lt. Governor's Web site: <http://www.state.il.us/lrgov/>

⁴ Illinois Attorney General's Web site: <http://www.ag.state.il.us/>

⁵ Illinois Secretary of State Web site: <http://www.cyberdriveillinois.com/>

⁶ U.S. Senate Web site, Illinois members:

http://www.senate.gov/general/contact_information/senators_cfm.cfm?State=IL

⁷ U.S. House of Representatives Web site, Member Search by State section:

<http://www.house.gov/MemStateSearch.html>

⁸ Office of National Drug Control Policy Web site, Chicago High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area section:

http://www.whitehousedrugpolicy.gov/hidta/frames_chic.html

⁹ Be Real Campaign Web site: <http://www.futures4kids.org/bereal/aboutus.htm>

¹⁰ Drug-Free Communities Support Program Web site, Illinois: <http://ojjdp.ncjrs.org/dfcs/states/il.html>

¹¹ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Formula and Discretionary Grant Allotments Summary: <http://www.samhsa.gov/funding/funding.html>

¹² Executive Office for Weed and Seed Data Center Web site: <http://www.weedandseeddatacenter.org/>

¹³ Bureau of Justice Assistance Web site, FY 2002 Byrne Formula Grant Program State Allocations: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/html/FY2002BYRNE.htm>

¹⁴ Office of Justice Programs, Corrections Program Office, State-by-State Grant Activities, Illinois: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/grant/mapfiles/il.htm>

¹⁵ U.S. Housing and Urban Development, *Federally Assisted Low-Income Housing Drug Elimination Grants: Detailed Congressional Report*, FY 2001:

<http://www.hud.gov/content/releases/drugelimination.pdf>

¹⁶ Bureau of Justice Assistance, FY 2002 Drug Court Grant Recipients:

<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/grant/DrugCourts/02DCgrants.htm>

¹⁷ Department of Justice, COPS Methamphetamine Grant Announcement, November 2002:

http://www.cops.usdoj.gov/pdf/GrantAnnounce/meth_grantees.pdf

¹⁸ Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States 1999*, October 2000:

<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/99cius.htm>

¹⁹ Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States 2000*, October 2001:

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²⁰ Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States 2001*, October 2002:

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²¹ Drug Enforcement Administration, Illinois State factsheet:

<http://www.usdoj.gov/dea/pubs/states/illinois.html>

²² National Drug Intelligence Center, *Illinois Drug Threat Assessment*, January 2001:

<http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/652/652p.pdf>

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- ²³ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Service Administration, *State Estimates of Substance Use from the 2000 National Household Survey on Drug Abuse: Volume II. Supplementary Technical Appendices*, October 2002: http://www.samhsa.gov/oas/2kState/PDF/Vol2/OOSAERptVol2_W.pdf
- ²⁴ National Drug Intelligence Center, *Illinois Drug Threat Assessment Update*, May 2002: <http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/1010/index.htm>
- ²⁵ National Drug Intelligence Center, *Illinois Drug Threat Assessment*, January 2001: <http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/652/index.htm>
- ²⁶ National Drug Intelligence Center, *Illinois Drug Threat Assessment Update*, May 2002: <http://www.usdoj.gov/ndic/pubs/1010/index.htm>
- ²⁷ Ibid.
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- ⁴³ Ibid.
- ⁴⁴ Illinois State Police, Methamphetamine Lab Seizures/Encounters, 1997-2001: <http://www.isp.state.il.us/crime/methinillinois.htm>
- ⁴⁵ Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics Online*: <http://www.albany.edu/sourcebook/>
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- ⁴⁹ Illinois Department of Human Services, Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse, FY 2002 Substance Abuse Treatment Admissions by Race, Sex, and Drugs
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